Common Problems Noted in FCS Student Essays*

Problem	Example
misspelled words	e-mail (<i>not</i> email)
	et al. (note punctuation)
	Internet (capitalize proper nouns)
	lifecycle <i>or</i> life-cycle (<i>not</i> life cycle)
	naïve (note the diacritical sign)
	Unix (not UNIX, because it is not an acronym)
	Web and Web-based (capitalize proper nouns),
	but webpage, webserver and website
	Note also that hyphens are required for
	• adjectival phrases <i>aka</i> compound adjectives
	such as 'end-user' in 'end-user documentation'
	all cases where they eliminate ambiguity
meaningless words	actually (when used solely for emphasis) \rightarrow [omit]
(with improvements)	due to the fact that \rightarrow because <i>or</i> since
	in order to \rightarrow to
	interval of time period \rightarrow interval <i>or</i> time interval
	period of time \rightarrow period or time
	really (when meaning very) \rightarrow [omit]
imprecise language	easy-to-use
	when you mean to refer to the concept of perceived
	ease-of-use or to a more elaborate concept of usability
	intuitive
	when you mean familiar or common practice
	mention (an incidental reference)
	when noted, said, found, commented, etc. is what you mean
	prove
	when you mean test
	when you mean corroborate or verify
colloquialisms	a lot, lots of \rightarrow much or many
	access (as a verb) \rightarrow perhaps use or gain access to
	has gone way high
	plenty of \rightarrow much
	way better → much better
	questions run through the mind
tricky pairs	• can not / cannot • like / such as • use / usage
(choose carefully)	• in addition / additionally, also, furthermore (etc.) • significant / substantial
inappropriate terminology	user friendly using this term incorrectly will result in an automatic ${\mathcal F}$
proposed sol ⁿ ? lacking necc. foundation unaware of existing research	CSCI 6606 students see Principles for Term Paper Grading

*Version: 26 April 2017 (This is the first of 3 pages.) holly:~jamie/Documents/Teaching/General/Editing & Proofreading/Notation/Source/AdditionalNotationNotes, version.tex

Notation	Meaning	
act	Unless you have a good reason, use only the active voice and 1 st person	
ambig.	Ambiguity should be resolved	
cite	The full bibliographic record must be included when referring to people, projects, publications, software etc. <i>and</i> in the reference section (see also <i>proof</i> ? and <i>ref</i>)	
coloq.	Avoid colloquialisms and jargon in formal writing Examples of the most frequent uses of jargon etc. are on page 1	
cont.	Avoid contractions in formal writing	
dang.	Avoid dangling referents such as in the sentences 'They found' and 'This means' (Who are 'they'? This what?)	
$def^{\underline{n}}$?	Key terms should be defined earlier In a summary the key terms should be explained not merely referred to.	
d/s	use double-spacing	
expand	Expand acronyms and abbreviations at first use <i>except</i> for the very common non-technical abbreviations such as the usual Latin ones (for example, 'a.m.', 'e.g.', 'et al.', 'etc.', 'i.e.', 'p.m.'), names of days and months, academic degrees (e.g. PhD), names of countries (e.g. UK, USA), GMT for standard time, units of measure, and US states in addresses.	
hyph	Use hyphen (-) not dash (- or −) - (en dash) is for ranges of numbers or vice versa (resealso symbol) - (em dash) is the usual dash	
lc	Change indicated letter to lowercase (uncapitalized) form	
m/u	Your meaning is unclear — make it easier to understand	
N/S	Not a sentence	
para	Paragraphs must be clearly delineated by vertical space, indentation, or both	
proof?	Factual claims must be justified by evidence or by citations to work that include evidence (\bullet see also <i>cite</i> and ref)	
p.#?	Missing page number • Page numbers are required for quotations. • Copying illustrations is essentially quoting.	
Q	More detail is needed	
rel?	You must explain why this passage is relevant When you describe experimental method (or include any detail from an experiment or study) that detail <i>must</i> be clearly relevant to the point of your summary. If the reason for including the detail is not obvious then you must make the reason clear to your reader.	
ref	References must be parenthetical. Do not use references as nouns. (see also <i>cite</i> and <i>proof?</i>) Also, references must be attached to sentences (or images) not section headings. References should not need to be read aloud for sentences to make sense. For example As [1] says WRONG! As [Jones, 1993) says WRONG! As Jones (1993) says In the previous reading [1] BETTER In the previous reading, Jones (1993) BETTER It has been shown that [1]. BETTER	

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Notation	Meaning
stet	Do not change ignore other editorial mark
symbol	Use the appropriate symbol (\P see also $hyph$ and examples that follow) minus is $-$ not $-$ (hyphen) multiplication is \times not lowercase X
than?	Comparisons must be complete e.g., do not write 'X is better' without making it clear <i>what</i> X is better than
(word)	Use a different word or words (for clarity or style) I recommend using a thesaurus <i>and</i> a dictionary to find appropriate words. The Cambridge and Oxford <i>Advanced Learner's Dictonaries</i> are often helpful.
W/C	Please consult with the Writing Centre for help
\circ	Close gap (☞ see also ×¶) remove unnecessary horizontal space
in order to \in-order to \	Delete the text that has been struck out
λ 	Insert (examples follow)
,	^ insert apostrophe ^ insert dash
	, insert comma insert hyphen
	° insert blank ⊙ insert full stop (period)
\P	Start paragraph here
$ imes \P$	Paragraph should not start here (◆ see also ○) Remove break
(P)	Check your spelling Examples of common spelling mistakes are on page 1
% } & }	Trim (avoid excessive words — be neither pleonastic nor abstruse)
/g	Make this change globally, i.e., throughout your document, not just at this one place
/it/	The indicated text should be italicized (like <i>this</i>)
!!	Indicates a particularly important or worthwhile part of your essay
<u>a</u>	Change underlined letter to capital (uppercase) e.g., <u>i</u> nternet (should be Internet) and <u>www</u> (should be WWW)
Q,	Move the circled character to the location indicated
second\first	exchange position of words or letters indicated

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