Marking Codes for Common Mistakes

CS 205 (Spring 2000)

Comments

- (a) Comment briefly on what your program does.
 - (b) Comment on what each function does.
 - See Writing C++ Programs using g++ or your class notes for examples.
- 2. (a) Comment the 'logical sections' of your code. Be brief but precise.
 - (b) Do not restate what the source code says but rather explain what it is for.
- 3. Comment on what your variables represent.

Readability

- 4. Use meaningful variable and function names.
- 5. Avoid 'magic numbers'. Use meaningfully named const variables instead.
- 6. (a) Indent consistently for readability.
 - (b) Seperate sections of your program with blank lines.
- 7. Do not unnecessarily repeat code in a program. Implement repeated tasks as functions or loops.
- 8. Use modularity: main() should mostly just call the functions that are the sub-modules of the program.

Clear coding

- 9. Do not include unnecessary code. Do not initialize unnecessarily it's confusing.
- 10. Use appropriate conditional structures (e.g., if or if/else or switch).
- 11. (a) Use the appropriate loop structure (e.g. while instead of do/while or for).
 Use a while loop when you want to test the condition before you enter the loop the first time.
 Use a do/while loop when you want to execute the loop at least once.
 - (b) Use a for loop only when you know how many times you want to repeat the body of the loop.
 - (c) Don't use break to jump out of loops.
- 12. Use parameters instead of global variables to pass information to (and from) functions.
- 13. Do not use unnecessary parameters.

Output

- 14. Prompts to the user should be explicit, and helpful to the user.
- 15. Format your output for readability.
- 16. (a) Submit all your output.
 - (b) Test runs should be executed in the order presented in the assignment.

Other

- 17. Check your spelling.
- 18. main() always returns an int.
 - (a) Unless you are passing arguments on the command line, use int main (void)