## Common Problems Noted in FCS Student Essays\*

Problem	Example		
misspelled words	e-mail ( <i>not</i> email)		
	et al. (note punctuation)		
	Internet (capitalize proper nouns)		
	lifecycle <i>or</i> life-cycle ( <i>not</i> life cycle)		
	naïve (note the diaeresis)		
	Unix (not UNIX, because it is not an acronym)		
	Web and Web-based (capitalize proper nouns),		
	<i>but</i> webpage, webserver and website		
	<i>Note</i> also that hyphens are required for		
	<ul> <li>adjectival phrases aka compound adjectives</li> </ul>		
	such as 'end-user' in 'end-user documentation'		
	• all cases where they eliminate ambiguity		
meaningless words	period of time $\rightarrow$ period <i>or</i> time		
(with improvements)	in order to $\rightarrow$ to		
	due to the fact that $\rightarrow$ because <i>or</i> since		
	interval of time period $\rightarrow$ interval <i>or</i> time interval		
	actually (when used solely for emphasis) $\rightarrow omit$		
	really (when meaning very)		
imprecise language	mention (an incidental reference)		
	when noted, said, found, commented, etc. is what you mean		
	intuitive		
	when you mean familiar or common practice		
	easy-to-use		
	when you mean to refer to the concept of <i>perceived</i>		
	ease-of-use or to a more elaborate concept of usability		
11 . 1.			
colloquialisms	a lot, lots of $\rightarrow$ much <i>or</i> many		
	plenty of $\rightarrow$ much		
	way better $\rightarrow$ much better		
	has gone way high		
	questions run through the mind		
	access (as a verb) $\rightarrow$ perhaps use or gain access to		
inappropriate terminology	user friendly using this term incorrectly will result in an automatic $\mathcal{F}$		
proposed sol <sup>n</sup> ? lacking necc. foundation unaware of existing research }	CSCI 6606 students see Principles for Term Paper Grading		

Page 2
--------

Notation	Meaning				
act	Unless you have a good reason, use only the active voice and 1st person				
ambig.	Ambiguity should be resolved				
cite	The full bibliographic record must be included when referring to people, projects, publications, software etc. <i>and</i> in the reference section (( see also <i>proof</i> ? and <i>ref</i> )				
coloq.	Avoid colloquialisms and jargon in formal writing Examples of the most frequent uses of jargon etc. are on page 1				
cont.	Avoid contractions in formal writing				
dang.	Avoid dangling referents such as in the sentences ' <i>They found</i> ' and ' <i>This means</i> ' (Who are 'they'? This <i>what</i> ?)				
def <u></u> "?	Key terms should be defined earlier In a summary the key terms should be explained not merely referred to.				
d/s	use double-spacing				
expand	Expand acronyms and abbreviations at first use <i>except</i> for the very common non-technical abbreviations such as the usual Latin ones (for example, 'a.m.', 'e.g.', 'et al.', 'etc.', 'i.e.', 'p.m.'), names of days and months, academic degrees (e.g. PhD), names of countries (e.g. UK, USA), GMT for standard time, units of measure, and US states in addresses.				
hyph	Use hyphen (-) not dash (- or -)-(en dash) is for ranges of numbersor vice versa(• see also symbol)-(• dash) is the usual dash				
m/u	Your meaning is unclear — make it easier to understand				
N/S	Not a sentence				
para	Paragraphs must be clearly delineated by vertical space, indentation, or both				
proof?	Factual claims must be justified by evidence or by citations to work that include evidence ( $\P$ see also <i>cite</i> and <i>ref</i> )				
p.#?	<ul><li>Missing page number</li><li>Page numbers are required for quotations.</li><li>Remember that copying illustrations is the same as quoting.</li></ul>				
Q	More detail is needed				
rel?	You must explain why this passage is relevant When you describe experimental method (or include any detail from an experiment or study) that detail <i>must</i> be clearly relevant to the point of your summary. If the reason for including the detail is not obvious then you must make the reason clear to your reader.				
ref	References must be parenthetical. Do not use references as nouns. (In see also cite and proof?)References should not need to be read aloud for sentences to make sense. For exampleAs [1] saysWRONG!As [1] saysBETTERAs Dillon [1] saysBETTERIn the previous reading [1]BETTERIt has been shown that [1].BETTERIt has been shown that [1].BETTERIt has been shown that [1].BETTER				
symbol	Use the appropriate symbol ( see also <i>hyph</i> and examples that follow) minus is – not - (hyphen) multiplication is × not lowercase				

Notation	Meaning				
stet	Do not change ignore other editorial mark				
than?	Comparisons must be complete e.g., do not write 'X is better' without making it clear <i>what</i> X is better than				
word	Use a different word or words I recommend using a thesaurus <i>and</i> a dictionary to find appropriate words. The Cambridge and Oxford <i>Advanced Learner's Dictonaries</i> are often helpful.				
W/ C	Please consult with the Writing Centre for help				
С	Close gap (☞ see also ×¶) remove unnecessary horizontal space				
<i>in order</i> to jn-order to ∫	Delete the text that has been struck out				
$\begin{pmatrix} & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & $	Insert (examples follow)				
<i>C</i> )	^ insert apostrophe	<u>`</u>	insert dash		
	, insert comma		insert hyphen		
	🗴 insert blank 🖸	Э	insert full stop (period)		
I	Start paragraph here				
×¶	Paragraph should not start here (☞ see also ⊃) Remove break				
Þ	Check your spelling Examples of common spelling mistakes are on page 1				
&	Trim (avoid excessive words — be neither pleonastic nor abstruse)				
/g	Make this change globally, i.e., throughout your document, not just at this one place				
!!	Indicates a particularly important or worthwhile part of your essay				
<u>_a</u>	Change underlined letter to capital (uppercase) e.g., <u>i</u> nternet (should be Internet) and <u>www</u> (should be WWW)				
lc	Change indicated letter to lowercase (uncapitalized) form				
Q,	Move the circled character to the location indicated				
second first	exchange position of words or letters indicated				

Version: 21 April 2015; @ 2015 by J. Blustein.

 $<sup>\</sup>textcircled{O}$  This work is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution 2.5 Canada License. To view a copy of this license, visit  $\langle \text{URL:http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/2.5/ca/} \rangle$  or send a letter to Creative Commons, 444 Castro Street, Suite 900, Mountain View, California, 94041, USA.